

THE WEATHER

Tonight and Thursday, Fair and Colder.

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	90 1/8c
Copper	23 1/2c
Lead	5 1/2c
Quicksilver	\$1.05

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TONOPAH, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 9, 1918

PRICE 10 CENTS

FRENCH WIN MILE OF TRENCHES, THEN DRIVEN BACK

RUSSIAN AND GERMAN DELEGATES YESTERDAY RESUME PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

RUSS SEE THREAT IN MESSAGE

TROTSKY CONVINCED THAT ALLIES WANT TO SACRIFICE RUSSIA FOR OWN GAIN.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Bolshevik Foreign Minister Trotsky is convinced that the entente governments wish Germany to make an advantageous peace with Russia, so that Germany will agree more willingly to surrender what the allies want in the west, according to the Daily News Petrograd correspondent.

Trotsky said Lloyd George's statement permitted such an interpretation. He said that the "allied policy" of the Bolsheviks would not be influenced by the attitude of the allied governments, but by the attitude of the allied peoples.

(By Associated Press.)

The press of Germany and Austria-Hungary, in editorial comment on the address of David Lloyd George, is unanimous that the terms as set forth by the British premier as the basis for peace are not acceptable to the Teutonic allies. Therefore, it is not unlikely that President Wilson's address will be received by the enemy newspapers in a like manner.

Unofficial advices are to the effect that the Russian peace delegation has returned to Brest-Litovsk for a resumption of the four parleys with the enemy delegates. No confirmation of this report has been received.

On the fighting fronts there is little activity aside from artillery duels and small operations in the nature of raids. In one of these small affairs near Bullecourt the Germans succeeded in entering a British trench, but later were driven out in a counter-attack, leaving prisoners in the hands of Field Marshal Haig's men. Likewise several small attacks against French positions were repulsed.

Although bad weather has fallen upon the Italian front, heavy bombardments are in progress on the northern part of the line from the Asiago plateau to the Piave river. At Monte Azzone, around which sanguinary fighting occurred several weeks ago, the Italians are violently shelling the Austro-German positions.

STOCKS FORCED DOWN BY WILSON'S SPEECH

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—President Wilson's re-statement of war aims before congress was reflected in the stock market by a reaction of 2 to 5 points after an early advance of 1 to 3 points.

The selling seemed to be based on the theory that the central powers would refuse to meet the terms proposed, particularly those involving the evacuation of territory and the demand for the abandonment of Alsace-Lorraine and that, therefore, peace was remote.

Much of the early advance was due to short covering and that same element was a factor in the later reversals, renewing its commitments at the first signs of hesitation. Offerings of United States Steel contributed heavily to the set-back, that stock falling 3 1/2 points from its maximum of 97 1/2 and closing almost at its low level of the day.

POSTPONE LA FOLLETTE PROBE.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—For the sixth time investigation of Senator La Follette's alleged disloyal speech of last September at St. Paul was postponed yesterday by the senate elections committee.

4 DIE IN FIRE THAT RAGES IN MOVIE THEATRE

CHICAGO SNOW DRIFTS DELAY DEPARTMENT; FOUR OF THEM INJURED.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Four firemen were killed and four injured probably fatally today when the walls of a motion picture theater collapsed during a fire. Hundreds of spectators narrowly escaped.

Snow drifts delayed the firemen and the blaze was practically beyond their control when they arrived at the scene of the conflagration.

FUEL HEAD TELLS NEW COAL PLANS

VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT OF MANUFACTURERS TO REDUCE CONSUMPTION RELIED UPON.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A "coal budget plan," based on the voluntary agreements of manufacturers not engaged in war work to reduce their fuel consumption and backed by orders of the fuel administration making the agreement applicable to all factories of each industry, was announced last night by the fuel administration as its method of adjusting demand to supply in 1918.

Reduction in consumption of possibly 50,000,000 tons of coal for the year is contemplated. The army and navy, munitions works, other war

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U. S. SHIPS CAUGHT IN ICE ON THE RIVER

(By Associated Press.)

QUEBEC, Jan. 9.—Shifting of the ice has enabled the crews of four American steamships imprisoned in the St. Lawrence river near Cape Chatte to reach shore and relieve their distress for lack of food and water, according to reports from that vicinity.

The four ships were identified as the Sisco, German, Key West and Keynor, understood to have been requisitioned by the United States shipping board on the Great Lakes for Atlantic service. They were among a number of lake vessels cut in two to permit their passage through the Welland canal and later to be re-assembled. They left Quebec for Atlantic ports several weeks ago. Each of the vessels has a crew of twenty-five men, mostly recruited from New England ports.

The Canadian ice breaker Montcalm is working her way to their assistance. All are reported to have been damaged by the ice.

SUFFRAGE UP TOMORROW.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The house rules committee has decided the new woman suffrage committee, and not the judiciary committee, will have charge of the suffrage amendment, which comes up tomorrow.

TODAY AND A YEAR AGO.

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah.

	1917	1916
5 a. m.	25	20
9 a. m.	20	22
12 noon	26	29
Maximum Jan. 8	45	27
Minimum Jan. 8	49	12
Relative humidity at noon	69	69
today, 69 per cent.		

LEADER OF THE "DRYS" ATTACKS CHARACTER OF ALLIES' TROOPS

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—A call for a special national convention of the Prohibition party in Chicago, March 5, has been issued by Virgil G. Hinshaw, chairman. The call contained an appeal to the governors of "dry" states and to those likely to go "dry" for special legislation to ratify the prohibition constitutional amendment. Censure of President Wilson in relation to his stand as to the liquor question marked the appeal to the states.

The 1918 convention of the party will be two months earlier than is the custom. "Owing to the rapid march of events and the exigencies of the national administration, it is considered necessary," said Mr. Hinshaw, "to meet in March when the party will consider a merger with the new National party and will outline a campaign for the ratification of the prohibition amendment, equal suffrage, public ownership of public utilities and other democratic reforms."

Soldiers of the allies in Europe, according to Mr. Hinshaw, are becoming degraded because of liquor. National prohibition in the United States, he said, would save the nation almost \$17,000,000 annually.

U. S. PRISONERS WILL BE "KINDLY TREATED"

(By Associated Press.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 9.—This official statement has been issued by the Wolff bureau, the semi-official news agency in Berlin:

"The report is published from American headquarters that the Germans intend to treat American prisoners systematically worse than the British, French and Italian prisoners, and is based allegedly on an official German statement that Americans are hard of understanding and unable to conduct themselves like gentlemen. Such an official statement was never made.

"American prisoners will be treated just as kindly and considerately as all other prisoners."

LATE NEWS

3:30 Dispatches

HINDU PLOT REVEALED.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 9.—Testimony of an alleged attempt to embroil the United States and Mexico so as to prevent shipment of munitions to the allies and of a plan to plant a bomb in the Hindu temple at Stockton in an effort to influence the public against the British was given at the trial today of thirty-one Hindus charged with conspiracy to foment a revolution in India.

TO TAKE OVER OIL.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The government is preparing to take control of the oil supply under the fuel administration and has selected a man to take charge. His name has not been announced.

AGREEMENT ON CORN.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—A movement by the grain exchanges of the country to arrange an agreement with the federal government relative to the trading in corn was launched by the appointment of a committee for a conference with Food Director Hoover.

Under the present regulations of the board, the maximum price on corn futures is \$1.28. Farmers have complained that this price is unfair. An effort will be made to have the government set a price which will be more satisfactory to all interests.

NO CHANCE FOR PEACE IN TERMS SAY OFFICIALS

SOCIALIST VORWAERTZ OF BERLIN COMMENDS PARTS OF GEORGE'S MESSAGE.

(By Associated Press.)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 9.—A dispatch received here from Brest-Litovsk says the German and Russian delegates held preliminary discussions yesterday, disposing of the questions of procedure. A plenary session was planned today. German, Austrian and Bolshevik foreign ministers and the Turkish grand vizier attended.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The opinion seemed universal today that the president chose the psychological moment for a counter-attack on the evil effects of Germany's latest peace propaganda by setting forth America's war and peace program. Although some professed to believe the Germans might find the terms acceptable for a basis for negotiations, most officials saw in its definite proposals only a great war document clearing the atmosphere for the allies and heartening the Russians and furnishing light for the German people, if they choose to see it.

It is stated authoritatively the president decided to address congress in an effort to prevent a resumption of the Russian-German negotiations and to counteract German duplicity. The Russian (Kerensky) embassy today expressed its appreciation of the president's references to the Russian people.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—While some differences were found in the manner of discussing the various questions, the evening newspapers find no disagreement in the essential policy of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George regarding war aims. Wilson's speech is given leading places in the newspapers.

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—The Vorwaerts, principal organ of the Socialists, commending Lloyd George's war aims, declares the premier is masquerading in a carefully selected disguise. It says the speech is framed in some parts to meet the approval of German workmen.

READJUSTMENT OF RAIL RATES PLAN

USE OF TRUCKS TO RELIEVE CONGESTION AT TERMINALS IS TRIED OUT.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—General readjustment of the country's complicated rate system to fit the new non-competitive situation will be one of the early outgrowths of the government's operation of the railroads. Julius Kruttschnitt of the Southern Pacific, today before the senate interstate commerce committee, endorsed the president's action and said the railroads were going to be "good soldiers" and continue to work loyally.

Pooling of delivery facilities by mercantile establishments for the use of unloading freight is being experimented with here to determine whether the commercial trucks can solve the terminal congestion. If successful, McAdoo will extend the plan throughout the country.

QUAKE REFUGEES IN MEXICO.

(By Associated Press.)

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 9.—Provisional authorities state that Chihuahua, bordering on Guatemala, reports a great influx of panic-stricken Guatemalan earthquake refugees, and has requested help, as there are no quarters for the destitute.

GARFIELD HAS AN IDEA! BURN WOOD, HE SAYS, AND LESS COAL USED

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Use wood where wood is available and buy coal from the nearest coal mine, is the message sent to members of the National Retail Coal Merchants' association by Dr. H. A. Garfield, United States fuel administrator.

The message was sent in the form of a letter to members of the association at their annual meeting. Dr. Garfield was to have addressed members of the association, but was unable to be present. In part, his letter reads:

"The fuel administration believes that it is thoroughly understood that all local coal questions are being directly handled by the different state administrators and the local committees. I am addressing the retailer through you as I wish him to feel that I have every confidence in his desire to help us at so critical a time."

After strongly urging the suppression of hoarding and urging the use of coal that is mined nearest to the area of consumption to save transportation, he added:

"The coal supply can be further augmented if everyone uses wood in sections where wood is available during the winter months."

A resolution was adopted whereby the card system will be used by members of the association in their dealings with the public in the sale of coal, which will prevent consumers from "hoarding" the coal or from buying more than they are using.

LABOR PROGRAM O.K'D BY WILSON

TO PROVIDE WORKERS FOR WAR ACTIVITIES AND ESTABLISH INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Approval by President Wilson of a program for war labor administration was announced last night by the council of national defense. The purpose is to provide workers for war industries and machinery for safeguarding labor standards and maintaining industrial peace.

Secretary Wilson of the department of labor has been requested by the president to assume charge of this administration and already has begun work as shown by the announcement last night, that the United States employment service would have direction of recruiting 3,000.

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OIL PRODUCTION IN 1917 BREAKS RECORD

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Petroleum produced and marketed in the United States in 1917 amounted to 341,890,000 barrels, which is a record, and 14 per cent in excess of the 1916 production. Enormous demand absorbed the output and necessitated the draft of about 21,000,000 storage stocks, principally in California and Illinois.

AMPLE LABOR SUPPLY DECLARES W. WILSON

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—"There is an ample supply of labor both for the army and industry; the problem is one of proper adjustment," Secretary Wilson said today, discussing plans for mobilizing the workers. It is estimated in the first year of the war the army will take less than the normal number of unemployed workers.

TRIO JAILED IN EXPOSE OF PLOT TO GET GUNS

TEN MACHINE GUNS SAID TO HAVE BEEN OFFERED FOR SALE BY U. S. OFFICIALS.

(By Associated Press.)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 9.—Nicholas Zegg, N. A. Myles and Joseph trio is violation of the section of officers in connection with an alleged plot for the sale by high federal officers here of machine guns, ammunition and other munitions, stored in the federal building. Intelligence officers said the federal officials had offered the supplies for sale for the purpose of starting a revolution in Mexico. Officers said the plot was unearthed when they answered an advertisement for "ten husky men."

One man posing as the buyer was led to the basement of the federal building and shown the outfit, including ten machine guns, according to army officers.

The specific charge against the trio is violation of the section of the espionage act relating to exportation of arms from the United States.

Zegg was arrested in Los Angeles two years ago charged with issuing a check on the Imperial Valley bank without sufficient funds to meet the payment. He served a sentence in the state penitentiary. At the time of his conviction Zegg was alleged to have been employed by certain persons accused of fomenting a revolution in Mexico. These allegations were never substantiated.

Myles was released on a writ of habeas corpus and immediately re-arrested on the same charge. United States Judge Bledsoe denounced the methods of the army officers in handling the case.

SUFFRAGE WORKERS ARE MORE CONFIDENT

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Suffrage advocates in the house, who not long ago virtually were conceding defeat, are growing more optimistic, and Representative Raker today expressed confidence that the resolution would be given the necessary two-thirds vote.

The Republicans will hold a conference tonight to consider the subject. A conference of New York Republicans members yesterday showed one in opposition and one who would not be present to vote.

The National Woman's Suffrage association last night made public letters from Secretaries McAdoo and Daniels endorsing the federal amendment.

NINE MISSING FROM CREW OF LUCKENBACH

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The navy department today announced nine missing from the crew of the Harry Luckenbach, torpedoed Sunday. It announced also that two men of the sunken destroyer Jacob Jones are prisoners in Germany.

LIEUTENANT DIES.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 9.—Lieut. Walter Foulke, member of a prominent Philadelphia family, and former captain of the Princeton football team, died yesterday at the base hospital of pneumonia. He was ill only a week. The body will be taken to Philadelphia. Foulke was 33 years old and is survived by his widow and three children. He was assistant adjutant of the training brigade.

HOSPITAL SHIP SUNK BY DIVER

WOUNDED ON BOARD WERE SAVED; THREE CASUALTIES AMONG CREW MEMBERS.

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—Strong enemy forces penetrated the German outposts on a front of more than a mile, west of Fliery. A German counter-attack at night forced the French back at all points to their former positions.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The hospital ship, Rewa, was torpedoed and sunk in Bristol channel on January 4, while en route from Gibraltar. The wounded were saved.

There were three casualties among the crew.

(By Associated Press.)

CARDIFF, Jan. 9.—Survivors said the torpedo that sunk the British hospital ship, Rewa, in Bristol channel on January 4 went through the red cross painted on the side.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, Jan. 9.—French General Lize, commanding the artillery on the Italian front, has been killed in action.

(By Associated Press.)

ROME, Jan. 9.—The Italian government has prohibited the making and sale of cake, pastry and confectionery.

LISBON SHELLED BY NAVAL REBELS

LOOKS LIKE BOLSHEVIKI TACTICS ARE COMING TO FRONT IN NEW MOVEMENT.

(By Associated Press.)

MADRID, Jan. 9.—Another outbreak is reported in Portugal. It is stated crews of Portuguese warships mutinied and began bombarding the Lisbon forts. The army appears to have remained faithful to the government. Tranquility has been restored.

It is understood the surrender of the rebellious crews marked a conclusion to the disturbances. The government capitulated to the Portuguese rebels' revolution early in December, after seventy-one were killed and 300 or 400 wounded in three days' fighting.

J. A. MURPHY of Reno arrived this morning and registered at the Mirpah.

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

"THE HONOR SYSTEM"
The Big Fox Masterdama, in Eight Gripping Reels
George Walsh, Gladys Brockwell, Miriam Cooper and An All-Star Fox Cast
The Greatest Human Story Ever Told
Admission, 20c and 25c. Children: Evening, 15c; children, at matinee, 11c.

TOMORROW
Harold Lockwood, in "The Haunted Pajamas." Some Picture
Matinee 1:30—Night 7 & 8:30
Admission 10c and 15c